Human Recombinant M-CSF,

Cytokines ACE

Macrophage colony-stimulating factor, animal component-free

Catalog # 78150 10 μg

78150.1 100 μg 78150.2 1000 μg



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Product Description

Macrophage colony-stimulating factor (M-CSF) is a homodimeric glycoprotein growth factor that regulates proliferation and differentiation of myeloid hematopoietic progenitor cells to mononuclear phagocytic cell lineages, including monocytes, macrophages, and osteoclasts. M-CSF is a crucial factor for the development of tissue-resident macrophages in most tissues (Ginhoux & Jung). It is required for the maturation and activation of monocytes and macrophages, and regulates inflammatory responses in conjunction with other stimuli such as IFN-γ, LPS, and IL-4 (Murray et al.). M-CSF is also required for bone resorption by osteoclasts, and is involved in the development and regulation of placenta, mammary glands, and brain. M-CSF is produced by monocytes, fibroblasts, osteoclasts, stromal cells, endothelial cells, and tumor cells (Chockalingam & Ghosh).

M-CSF exerts its biological effects by signaling through a receptor tyrosine kinase (CSF-1R or M-CSF-R) encoded by the c-fms proto-oncogene (Hamilton). CSF-1R shares similar structural features with other growth factor receptors, including the stem cell factor (SCF) receptor, platelet-derived growth factor receptor (PDGF-R), and Flt3/Flk-2 receptor tyrosine kinase. Stimulation of the CSF-1R upon binding to M-CSF activates MAPK, Pl3K, and PLCγ signaling pathways (Chockalingam & Ghosh). Human and mouse M-CSF sequences are highly conserved both at nucleotide and amino acid levels (80% homology; DeLamarter et al.). This product is animal component-free.

Product Information

Alternative Names: Colony stimulating factor 1, CSF-1

Accession Number: P09603

Amino Acid Sequence: MEEVSEYCSH MIGSGHLQSL QRLIDSQMET SCQITFEFVD QEQLKDPVCY LKKAFLLVQD IMEDTMRFRD

NTPNAIAIVQ LQELSLRLKS CFTKDYEEHD KACVRTFYET PLQLLEKVKN VFNETKNLLD KDWNIFSKNC

NNSFAECSSQ GHERQSEGS

Predicted Molecular Mass: 18.5 kDa monomer; 37.1 kDa dimer

Species: Human Cross Reactivity: Mouse

Formulation: Lyophilized from a sterile-filtered aqueous solution containing sodium phosphate and sodium chloride, pH 8.0.

Source: E. coli

Specifications

Activity: The EC50 is ≤ 10 ng/mL as determined by a cell proliferation assay using NFS-60 cells.

The specific activity is approximately 1.02 x 10^5 IU/µg as calibrated against the human recombinant M-CSF

WHO International Standard (NIBSC code: 89/512).

Purity: $\geq 95\%$

Endotoxin Level: Measured by kinetic Limulus amebocyte lysate (LAL) analysis and is ≤ 1 EU/µg protein.

Preparation and Storage

Storage: Store at -20°C to -80°C.

Stability: Stable as supplied for 12 months from date of receipt.

Preparation: Centrifuge vial before opening. Reconstitute the product in sterile water to at least 0.1 mg/mL by pipetting the

solution down the sides of the vial. Do not vortex.

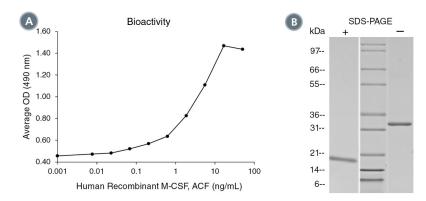
OPTIONAL: After reconstitution, if product will not be used immediately, dilute with concentrated bovine serum albumin (BSA) to a final BSA concentration of 0.1%. The effect of storage of stock solution on product performance should be tested for each application. As a general guide, do not store at 2 - 8°C for more than

1 month or at -80°C for more than 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Cytokines



Data



(A) The biological activity of Human Recombinant M-CSF, ACF was tested by its ability to promote the proliferation of NFS-60 cells. Cell proliferation was measured after 62 hours of culture using a fluorometric assay method. The EC50 is defined as the effective concentration of the growth factor at which cell proliferation is at 50% of maximum. The EC50 in the above example is 3 ng/mL. (B) 1 µg of Human Recombinant M-CSF, ACF was resolved with SDS-PAGE under reducing (+) and non-reducing (-) conditions and visualized by Coomassie Blue staining. Human Recombinant M-CSF, ACF is a homodimer of 18.5 kDa subunits with a predicted total molecular mass of 37.1 kDa.

Related Products

For a complete list of cytokines, as well as related products available from STEMCELL Technologies, visit www.stemcell.com/cytokines or contact us at techsupport@stemcell.com.

References

Chockalingam S & Ghosh SS. (2014) Macrophage colony-stimulating factor and cancer: a review. Tumour Biol 35(11): 10635–44. DeLamarter JF et al. (1987) Nucleotide sequence of a cDNA encoding murine CSF-1 (Macrophage-CSF). Nucleic Acids Res 15(5): 2389–90.

Ginhoux F & Jung S. (2014) Monocytes and macrophages: developmental pathways and tissue homeostasis. Nat Rev Immunol 14(6): 392–404.

Hamilton JA. (1997) CSF-1 signal transduction. J Leukoc Biol 62(2): 145-55.

Murray PJ et al. (2014) Macrophage activation and polarization: nomenclature and experimental guidelines. Immunity 41(1): 14–20.

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