DAPT

Small Molecules

Notch pathway inhibitor; Inhibits γ -

secretase

Catalog # 72082 5 mg



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TOLL FREE PHONE 1 800 667 0322 • PHONE +1 604 877 0713 INFO@STEMCELL.COM • TECHSUPPORT@STEMCELL.COM FOR GLOBAL CONTACT DETAILS VISIT OUR WEBSITE

Product Description

DAPT is an inhibitor of the γ -secretase complex. Notch is a key target of γ -secretase, therefore DAPT indirectly inhibits the Notch pathway. Other targets of γ -secretase that would be influenced by DAPT include amyloid precursor protein, E-cadherin, and ErbB4 (Dovey et al.).

Molecular Name: DAPT

Alternative Names: GSI-IX; LY-374973 CAS Number: 208255-80-5 Chemical Formula: $C_{23}H_{26}F_2N_2O_4$ Molecular Weight: 432.5 g/mol Purity: \geq 95%

Chemical Name: N-[2S-(3,5-difluorophenyl)acetyl]-L-alanyl-2-phenyl-1,1-dimethylethyl ester-glycine

Structure:

Properties

Physical Appearance: A crystalline solid

Storage: Product stable at -20°C as supplied. Protect from prolonged exposure to light. For product expiry date, please

contact techsupport@stemcell.com.

Solubility: · Absolute ethanol ≤ 2.3 mM

· DMSO ≤ 55 mM

For example, to prepare a 10 mM stock solution in DMSO, resuspend 5 mg in 1.16 mL of DMSO.

Prepare stock solution fresh before use. Information regarding stability of small molecules in solution has rarely been reported, however, as a general guide we recommend storage in DMSO at -20°C. Aliquot into working volumes to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. The effect of storage of stock solution on compound performance should be tested for each application.

Compound has low solubility in aqueous media. For use as a cell culture supplement, stock solution should be diluted into culture medium immediately before use. Avoid final DMSO concentration above 0.1% due to potential cell toxicity.

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Published Applications

MAINTENANCE AND SELF-RENEWAL

- · Reduces colony-forming efficiency of mouse neural stem cells (Androutsellis-Theotokis et al.).
- · Enhances radiation-induced cell death of glioma stem cells (Wang et al.).

DIFFERENTIATION

- · Promotes differentiation of nociceptors from human pluripotent stem cells, in combination with several other small molecules (Chambers et al.).
- · Promotes differentiation of neurons from human and mouse embryonic stem (ES) cells (Crawford and Roelink; Elkabetz et al.).
- · Promotes differentiation of retinal pigment epithelium from mouse ES cells (Osakada et al.).
- · Promotes differentiation of pancreatic cells from human pluripotent stem cells (D'Amour et al.).

CANCER RESEARCH

· Reduces mammosphere-forming efficiency of breast cancer cell lines and ductal carcinoma in situ cells (Farnie et al.; Harrison et al.).

References

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D'Amour KA et al. (2006) Production of pancreatic hormone-expressing endocrine cells from human embryonic stem cells. Nature Biotechnology 24(11): 1392–401.

Dovey HF et al. (2001) Functional gamma-secretase inhibitors reduce beta-amyloid peptide levels in brain. Journal of Neurochemistry 76(1): 173–81.

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Related Small Molecules

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