

Small Molecules

Forskolin

cAMP pathway activator; Activates adenylyl cyclase

Catalog # 72112
72114

1 mg
10 mg



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Product Description

Forskolin is a cell permeable diterpene that directly activates adenylyl cyclase ($IC_{50} = 41$ nM), the enzyme that produces cyclic adenosine monophosphate (cAMP), which as a result raises cAMP levels in the cell. cAMP is an important second messenger involved in many signal transduction pathways, including activation of protein kinase A (PKA; Awad et al.; Robbins et al.).

Molecular Name:

Forskolin

Alternative Names:

Coleonol; HL 362; L 75-1362B; NSC 357088; NSC 375489

CAS Number:

66575-29-9

Chemical Formula:

$C_{22}H_{34}O_7$

Molecular Weight:

410.5 g/mol

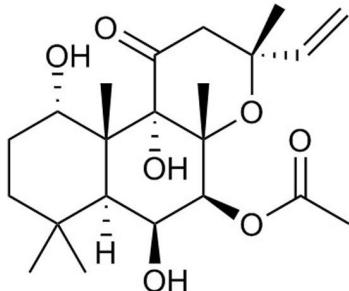
Purity:

$\geq 98\%$

Chemical Name:

5-(acetyloxy)-3-ethenyldecahydro-6,10,10b-trihydroxy-3,4a,7,7,10a-pentamethyl-(3R,4aR,5S,6S,6aS,10S,10aR,10bS)-1H-Naphtho[2,1-b]pyran-1-one

Structure:



Properties

Physical Appearance:

A crystalline solid

Storage:

Product stable at -20°C as supplied. Protect from prolonged exposure to light. For product expiry date, please contact techsupport@stemcell.com.

Solubility:

· DMSO ≤ 70 mM

· Absolute ethanol ≤ 35 mM

For example, to prepare a 10 mM stock solution in DMSO, resuspend 1 mg in 244 μ L of fresh DMSO.

Prepare stock solution fresh before use. Information regarding stability of small molecules in solution has rarely been reported, however, as a general guide we recommend storage in DMSO at -20°C. Aliquot into working volumes to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. The effect of storage of stock solution on compound performance should be tested for each application.

Compound has low solubility in aqueous media. For use as a cell culture supplement, stock solution should be diluted into culture medium immediately before use. Avoid final DMSO concentration above 0.1% due to potential cell toxicity.

Published Applications

REPROGRAMMING

- Enables chemical reprogramming (without genetic factors) of mouse embryonic fibroblasts to induced pluripotent stem (iPS) cells, in combination with CHIR99021, Tranylcypromine, Valproic Acid, 3-Deazaneplanocin A, and RepSox (Hou et al.).
- Enables NGN2-mediated transdifferentiation of human fibroblasts to cholinergic neurons (Liu et al.).
- Direct lineage reprogramming of fibroblasts to mature neurons, in combination with RepSox, CHIR99021, SP600125, Valproic Acid, Gö6983 and Y-27632 (Hu et al.).
- Direct lineage reprogramming of fibroblasts to mature neurons, in combination with CHIR99021, ISX-9, SB431542, and I-BET151 (Li et al.).
- Converts human embryonic stem (ES) cells in a “naïve” or ground state similar to mouse ES cells, in combination with LIF, FGF2, TGF β and small molecules PD0325901, CHIR99021, SP600125, and SB203580 (Hanna et al.).

DIFFERENTIATION

- Potentiates neuronal differentiation of rat hippocampal neural progenitor cells (Hsieh et al., Palmer et al.).

References

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Hsieh J et al. (2004) Histone deacetylase inhibition-mediated neuronal differentiation of multipotent adult neural progenitor cells. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A* 101(47): 16659–64.

Hu W et al. (2015) Direct Conversion of Normal and Alzheimer’s Disease Human Fibroblasts into Neuronal Cells by Small Molecules. *Cell Stem Cell* 17(2): 204–212.

Li X et al. (2015) Small-Molecule-Driven Direct Reprogramming of Mouse Fibroblasts into Functional Neurons. *Cell Stem Cell* 17(2): 195–203.

Liu M-L et al. (2013) Small molecules enable neurogenin 2 to efficiently convert human fibroblasts into cholinergic neurons. *Nat Commun* 4: 2183.

Palmer TD et al. (1997) The adult rat hippocampus contains primordial neural stem cells. *Mol Cell Neurosci* 8(6): 389–404.

Robbins JD et al. (1996) Forskolin carbamates: binding and activation studies with type I adenylyl cyclase. *J Med Chem* 39(14): 2745–52.

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