#### SB431542

# Small Molecules

Activin/BMP/TGFβ pathway inhibitor; Inhibits ALK4, ALK5, and ALK7

Catalog # 72232 1 mg 72234 10 mg



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# **Product Description**

SB431542 is a selective and potent inhibitor of the transforming growth factor (TGF)- $\beta$ , Activin, and Nodal pathways. It inhibits the TGF- $\beta$  type I receptors ALK5 (IC<sub>50</sub> = 94 nM), ALK4 (IC<sub>50</sub> = 140 nM), and ALK7 by competing for the ATP binding site. It does not inhibit the bone morphogenetic protein (BMP) type I receptors ALK2, ALK3, and ALK6 (Inman et al.; Laping et al.).

 $\begin{tabular}{llll} Molecular Name: & SB431542 \\ Alternative Names: & SB-431542 \\ CAS Number: & 301836-41-9 \\ Chemical Formula: & C_{22}H_{16}N_4O_3 \\ Molecular Weight: & 384.4 g/mol \\ Purity: & <math>\geq 98\% \\ \end{tabular}$ 

Chemical Name: 4-[4-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-5-(2-pyridinyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-benzamide

Structure:

## **Properties**

Physical Appearance: A crystalline solid

Storage: Product stable at -20°C as supplied. Protect from prolonged exposure to light.

Stable as supplied for 12 months from date of receipt.

Solubility: · Absolute ethanol ≤ 5.2 mM

 $\cdot$  DMSO  $\leq$  50 mM

For example, to prepare a 10 mM stock solution in DMSO, resuspend 1 mg in 260 µL of DMSO.

Prepare stock solution fresh before use. Information regarding stability of small molecules in solution has rarely been reported, however, as a general guide we recommend storage in DMSO at -20°C. Aliquot into working volumes to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. The effect of storage of stock solution on compound performance should be tested for each application.

Compound has low solubility in aqueous media. For use as a cell culture supplement, stock solution should be diluted into culture medium immediately before use. Avoid final DMSO concentration above 0.1% due to potential cell toxicity.

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### **Published Applications**

#### REPROGRAMMING

- · Replaces SOX2 in the reprogramming of mouse fibroblasts to induced pluripotent stem (iPS) cells (Ichida et al.).
- · Increases the efficiency of reprogramming human somatic cells to iPS cells, in combination with PD0325901 (Catalog #72182) and Thiazovivin (Catalog #72252) (Lin et al.).
- · Direct lineage reprogramming of fibroblasts to mature neurons, in combination with CHIR99021 (Catalog #72052), ISX-9 (Catalog #73202), Forskolin (Catalog #72112), and I-BET151 (Catalog #73712; Li et al.).

  DIFFERENTIATION
- · Promotes differentiation of neural progenitor cells from human pluripotent stem cells (PSCs), in combination with either LDN193189 (Catalog #72146) or Noggin (Catalog #78060) (Chambers et al. 2009; Chambers et al. 2012).
- · Promotes proliferation and sheet formation of mouse embryonic stem (ES)-derived endothelial cells (Watabe et al.).
- · Enhances differentiation of cardiomyocytes from mouse and human PSCs (Kattman et al.).
- · Inhibits the self-renewal and causes differentiation of human PSCs, demonstrating the importance of the TGFβ/Activin/Nodal pathway in their maintenance (James et al.; Vallier et al.).

#### References

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Laping NJ et al. (2002) Inhibition of transforming growth factor (TGF)-beta1-induced extracellular matrix with a novel inhibitor of the TGF-beta type I receptor kinase activity: SB-431542. Mol Pharmacol 62(1): 58–64.

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Vallier L et al. (2005) Activin/Nodal and FGF pathways cooperate to maintain pluripotency of human embryonic stem cells. J Cell Sci 118(Pt 19): 4495–509.

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