

Anti-Mouse CD19 Antibody, Clone 1D3



Scientists Helping Scientists™ | WWW.STEMCELL.COM

TOLL FREE PHONE 1 800 667 0322 • PHONE +1 604 877 0713

INFO@STEMCELL.COM • TECHSUPPORT@STEMCELL.COM

FOR GLOBAL CONTACT DETAILS VISIT OUR WEBSITE

Antibodies

Rat monoclonal IgG2a antibody
against mouse CD19, unconjugated

Catalog #60112
#60112.1

500 µg 0.5 mg/mL
100 µg 0.5 mg/mL

Product Description

The 1D3 antibody reacts with mouse CD19, an ~95 kDa type 1 transmembrane glycoprotein expressed on the surface of B cells throughout all stages of development, from early pre-B cells to plasma cells. Expression is down-regulated but persists in terminally differentiated plasma cells. CD19 is also found on follicular dendritic cells. By associating with CD21 and CD81, CD19 functions as a co-receptor for the B cell receptor and is involved in B cell activation and differentiation. Activation of CD19 is accompanied by phosphorylation of the cytoplasmic domain, which promotes binding to kinases and the induction of intracellular signaling cascades. Mutations in CD19 can result in severe immunodeficiency syndromes. Clone 1D3 recognizes the same epitope as clone 6D5 in cross-competition assays.

Target Antigen Name:	CD19
Alternative Names:	B4
Gene ID:	12478
Species Reactivity:	Mouse
Host Species:	Rat (LEW)
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Clone:	1D3
Isotype:	IgG2a, kappa
Immunogen:	Recombinant mouse CD19-transfected cell line
Conjugate:	Unconjugated

Applications

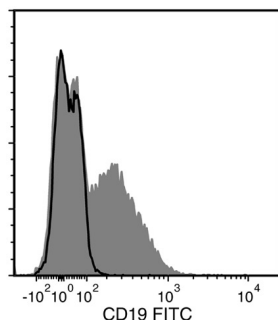
Verified:	FC
Reported:	FA, FC, ICC, IF, IHC, IP
Special Applications:	This antibody clone has been verified for purity assessments of cells isolated with EasySep™ kits, including EasySep™ Mouse B Cell Isolation Kit (Catalog #19854).

Abbreviations: CellSep: Cell separation; ChIP: Chromatin immunoprecipitation; FA: Functional assay; FACS: Fluorescence-activated cell sorting; FC: Flow cytometry; ICC: Immunocytochemistry; IF: Immunofluorescence microscopy; IHC: Immunohistochemistry; IP: Immunoprecipitation; RIA: Radioimmunoassay; WB: Western blotting

Properties

Formulation:	Aqueous buffer containing 0.09% sodium azide, may contain carrier protein/stabilizer
Purification:	The antibody was purified by column chromatography.
Stability and Storage:	Product stable at 2 - 8°C when stored undiluted. Do not freeze. For product expiry date, please contact techsupport@stemcell.com .
Directions for Use:	For flow cytometry the suggested use of this antibody is ≤ 0.5 µg per 1 x 10 ⁶ cells in 100 µL. It is recommended that the antibody be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Data



Flow cytometry analysis of C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes labeled with Anti-Mouse CD19 Antibody, Clone 1D3, followed by a mouse anti-rat IgG2a antibody, FITC (filled histogram), or Rat IgG2a, kappa Isotype Control Antibody, Clone RTK2758 (Catalog #60076), followed by a mouse anti-rat IgG2a antibody, FITC (solid line histogram).

Related Products

For a complete list of antibodies, including other conjugates, sizes and clones, as well as related products available from STEMCELL Technologies, please visit our website at www.stemcell.com/antibodies or contact us at techsupport@stemcell.com.

References

1. von Muenchow L et al. (2014) The selection of mature B cells is critically dependent on the expression level of the co-receptor CD19. *Immunol Lett* 160(2): 113–9. (FC)
2. Chen Q et al. (2013) Retinoic acid and α -galactosylceramide regulate the expression of costimulatory receptors and transcription factors responsible for B cell activation and differentiation. *Immunobiology* 218(12): 1477–87. (FC, ICC, IF)
3. Yanaba K et al. (2013) CD19 expression in B cells regulates atopic dermatitis in a mouse model. *Am J Pathol* 182(6): 2214–22. (FC)
4. Ziegler AI et al. (2013) The CD19 signalling molecule is elevated in NOD mice and controls type 1 diabetes development. *Diabetologia* 56(12): 2659–68. (FC)
5. Keren Z et al. (2011) B-cell depletion reactivates B lymphopoiesis in the BM and rejuvenates the B lineage in aging. *Blood* 117(11): 3104–12. (FA, FC)
6. Depoil D et al. (2008) CD19 is essential for B cell activation by promoting B cell receptor-antigen microcluster formation in response to membrane-bound ligand. *Nat Immunol* 9(1): 63–72. (ICC, IP)
7. Shoham T et al. (2003) The tetraspanin CD81 regulates the expression of CD19 during B cell development in a postendoplasmic reticulum compartment. *J Immunol* 171(8): 4062–72. (FACS, FC, IP)
8. Carter RH et al. (2002) Role of CD19 signal transduction in B cell biology. *Immunol Res* 26(1-3): 45–54.
9. Gommerman JL et al. (2000) A role for CD21/CD35 and CD19 in responses to acute septic peritonitis: a potential mechanism for mast cell activation. *J Immunol* 165(12): 6915–21. (FC, ICC, IF)
10. Krop I et al. (1996) Self-renewal of B-1 lymphocytes is dependent on CD19. *Eur J Immunol* 26(1): 238–42. (FA, IP)
11. Krop I et al. (1996) The signaling activity of murine CD19 is regulated during cell development. *J Immunol* 157(1): 48–56. (FC, IP)
12. Rickert RC et al. (1995) Impairment of T-cell-dependent B-cell responses and B-1 cell development in CD19-deficient mice. *Nature* 376(6538): 352–5.

STEMCELL TECHNOLOGIES INC.'S QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM IS CERTIFIED TO ISO 13485. PRODUCTS ARE FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND NOT INTENDED FOR HUMAN OR ANIMAL DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USES UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.

Copyright © 2017 by STEMCELL Technologies Inc. All rights reserved including graphics and images. STEMCELL Technologies & Design, STEMCELL Shield Design, Scientists Helping Scientists, and EasySep are trademarks of STEMCELL Technologies Canada Inc. All other trademarks are the property of their respective holders. While STEMCELL has made all reasonable efforts to ensure that the information provided by STEMCELL and its suppliers is correct, it makes no warranties or representations as to the accuracy or completeness of such information.