Cytokines

Human Recombinant GM-CSF

Granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor

Catalog #	78015.1	20 µg
	78015	100 µg
	78015.3	500 µg
	78015.2	1000 µg

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Product Description

Granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor (GM-CSF) promotes the proliferation and differentiation of hematopoietic progenitor cells and the generation of neutrophils, eosinophils, and macrophages. In synergy with other cytokines such as stem cell factor, IL-3, erythropoietin, and thrombopoietin, it also stimulates erythroid and megakaryocyte progenitors (Barreda et al.). GM-CSF is produced by multiple cell types, including stromal cells, Paneth cells, macrophages, dendritic cells (DCs), endothelial cells, smooth muscle cells, fibroblasts, chondrocytes, and Th1 and Th17 T cells (Francisco-Cruz et al.). The receptor for GM-CSF (GM-CSFR) is composed of two subunits: the cytokine-specific α subunit (GMRα; CD116) and the common subunit βc (CD131) shared with IL-3 and IL-5 receptors (Broughton et al.). GM-CSFR is expressed on hematopoietic cells, including progenitor cells and immune cells, as well as non-hematopoietic cells. Recombinant human GM-CSF (rhGM-CSF) promotes the production of myeloid cells of the granulocytic (neutrophils, eosinophils and basophils) and monocytic lineages in vivo. It has been tested for mobilization of hematopoietic progenitors and to treat chemotherapy-induced neutropenia in patients. GM-CSF is able to stimulate the development of DCs that ingest, process, and present antigens to the immune system (Francisco-Cruz et al.).

Product Information

Alternative Names:	Colony-stimulating factor 2, CSF-2, MGI-1GM, Pluripoitin-alpha
Accession Number:	P04141
Amino Acid Sequence:	MAPARSPSPS TQPWEHVNAI QEARRLLNLS RDTAAEMNET VEVISEMFDL QEPTCLQTRL ELYKQGLRGS LTKLKGPLTM MASHYKQHCP PTPETSCATQ IITFESFKEN LKDFLLVIPF DCWEPVQE
Predicted Molecular Mass:	14.6 kDa
Species:	Human
Cross Reactivity:	Not active on mouse cells
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a sterile filtered aqueous solution containing sodium phosphate, pH 7.5.
Source:	E. coli

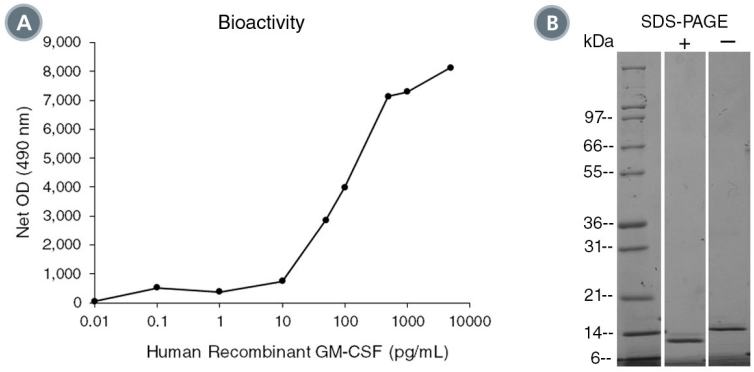
Specifications

Activity:	The specific activity is ≥ 5 x 10^6 units/mg (EC50 ≤ 0.2 ng/mL) as determined by a cell proliferation assay using TF-1 cells.
Purity:	≥ 95%
Endotoxin Level:	Measured by kinetic Limulus amebocyte lysate (LAL) analysis and is ≤ 1 EU/µg protein.

Preparation and Storage

Storage:	Store at -20°C to -80°C.
Stability:	Stable as supplied for 12 months from date of receipt.
Preparation:	Centrifuge vial before opening. Resuspend the product in sterile water containing 0.1% bovine serum albumin (BSA) to at least 0.1 mg/mL by pipetting the solution down the sides of the vial. Do not vortex. Store at 2 - 8°C for up to 1 month or at -20°C to -80°C for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. NOTE: If reconstituted product will be used immediately BSA is not required.

Data



(A) The biological activity of Human Recombinant GM-CSF was tested by its ability to promote the proliferation of TF-1 cells. Cell proliferation was measured after 48 hours of culture using a fluorometric assay method. The EC50 is defined as the effective concentration of the growth factor at which cell proliferation is at 50% of maximum. The EC50 in the above example is 0.08 - 0.12 ng/mL. (B) 1 µg of Human Recombinant GM-CSF was resolved with SDS-PAGE under reducing (+) and non-reducing (-) conditions and visualized by Coomassie Blue staining. Human Recombinant GM-CSF has a predicted molecular mass of 14.6 kDa.

Related Products

For a complete list of cytokines, as well as related products available from STEMCELL Technologies, please visit our website at www.stemcell.com/cytokines or contact us at techsupport@stemcell.com.

References

Barreda DR et al. (2004) Regulation of myeloid development and function by colony stimulating factors. Dev Comp Immunol 28(5): 509–54.
Broughton SE et al. (2012) The GM-CSF/IL-3/IL-5 cytokine receptor family: from ligand recognition to initiation of signaling. Immunol Rev 250(1): 277–302.
Francisco-Cruz A et al. (2014) Granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor: not just another haematopoietic growth factor. Med Oncol 31(1): 774.