### Anti-Human MUC1 (CD227) Antibody, Clone 16A

### **Antibodies**

Mouse monoclonal IgG1 antibody against human MUC1 (CD227),

unconjugated

Catalog #60155 100 µg 0.5 mg/mL



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## **Product Description**

The 16A antibody reacts with human MUC1, a large (> 250 kDa) heavily glycosylated type 1 transmembrane protein expressed on the surface of most glandular and ductal epithelial cells and a variety of hematopoietic cells. A characteristic feature of the MUC1 glycoprotein is a core domain composed of a variable number of tandem repeats and multiple oligosaccharide side chains. Because the extracellular portion of MUC1 can extend beyond most cell surface proteins, it is thought to play a role in cell-cell and cell-substrate adhesion. The protein is highly expressed by a majority of human adenocarcinomas and is associated with a poor prognosis. In the mammary gland, MUC1 is localized on the apical plasma membrane of luminal epithelial cells. The clone 16A antibody has a higher affinity for the glycosylated form of MUC1.

Target Antigen Name: MUC1 (CD227)

Alternative Names: CD227, EMA, Episialin, Epithelial membrane antigen, HMFG antigen, MAM6, Mucin 1, PEM, Polymorphic

epithelial mucin

Gene ID: 4582 Species Reactivity: Human

**Host Species:** Mouse (C57BL/6) Clonality: Monoclonal

Clone: 16A

Isotype: IgG1, lambda

Immunogen: Jurkat cells expressing MUC1

Conjugate: Unconjugated

# **Applications**

Verified: FC, ICC, IF FC, IHC Reported:

Special Applications: This antibody clone has been verified for labeling human airway epithelial cells cultured in PneumaCult<sup>TM</sup>-ALI

Medium (Catalog #05001) in air-liquid interface cultures.

Abbreviations: CellSep: Cell separation; ChIP: Chromatin immunoprecipitation; FA: Functional assay; FACS: Fluorescence-activated cell sorting; FC: Flow cytometry; ICC: Immunocytochemistry; IF: Immunofluorescence microscopy; IHC: Immunohistochemistry; IP: Immunoprecipitation;

RIA: Radioimmunoassay; WB: Western blotting

## **Properties**

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide

Purification: The immunoglobulin was purified by affinity chromatography.

Stability and Storage: Product stable at 2 - 8°C when stored undiluted. Do not freeze. For product expiry date, please contact

techsupport@stemcell.com.

Directions for Use: The suggested use of this antibody is: FC, ≤ 1 µg per 1 x 10^6 cells in 100 µL; ICC/IF, 1 in 200 to 1 in 500. It

is recommended that the antibody be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

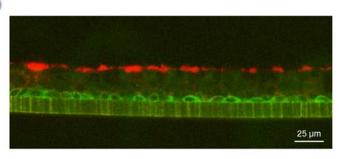
### Anti-Human MUC1 (CD227) Antibody, Clone 16A

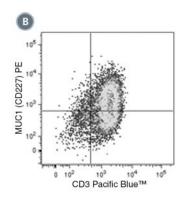
### **Antibodies**

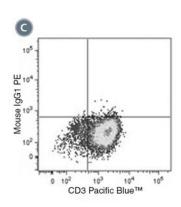


### Data









(A) Primary human airway epithelial cells were cultured in PneumaCult<sup>™</sup>-ALI Medium at the air-liquid interface, then cryo-sectioned and labeled with Anti-Human MUC1 (CD227) Antibody, Clone 16A, followed by a goat anti-rabbit IgG antibody, Alexa Fluor® 594 (red), and an anti-human NGF Receptor/p75NTR (CD271) antibody, followed by a donkey anti-mouse IgG antibody, Alexa Fluor® 488 (green).

(B) Flow cytometry analysis of human peripheral blood lymphocytes following stimulation with phytohemagglutinin (PHA) for 3 days. Cells were labeled with Anti-Human MUC1 (CD227) Antibody, Clone 16A, followed by an anti-mouse IgG1 antibody, PE and anti-human CD3 antibody, Clone HIT3a, Pacific Blue™.

(C) Flow cytometry analysis of human peripheral blood lymphocytes following stimulation with PHA for 3 days. Cells were labeled with Mouse IgG1, kappa Isotype Control Antibody, Clone MOPC-21 (Catalog #60070), followed by an anti-mouse IgG1 antibody, PE, and anti-human CD3 antibody, clone HIT3a, Pacific Blue™.

#### Related Products

For a complete list of antibodies, including other conjugates, sizes and clones, as well as related products available from STEMCELL Technologies, visit www.stemcell.com/antibodies or contact us at techsupport@stemcell.com.

#### References

- 1. Qu J et al. (2016) Molecular basis of antibody binding to mucin glycopeptides in lung cancer. Int J Oncol 48(2): 587-94. (FC)
- 2. Lee JK et al. (2015) Age and the means of bypassing stasis influence the intrinsic subtype of immortalized human mammary epithelial cells. Front Cell Dev Biol 11(3): 13. (FC)
- 3. Song W et al. (2012) MUC1 glycopeptide epitopes predicted by computational glycomics. Int J Oncol 41(6): 1977–84. (ELISA, IHC)
- 4. O'Connor JC et al. (2005) MUC1 expression in human prostate cancer cell lines and primary tumors. Prostate Cancer Prostatic Dis 8(1): 36–44.
- 5. Jarrard J a et al. (1998) MUC1 is a novel marker for the type II pneumocyte lineage during lung carcinogenesis. Cancer Res 58(23): 5582-9.

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