A simple and rapid method for the enrichment of mouse naïve CD4+ T cells from spleen

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Abstract

Naïve CD4+ T cells are a mature subset of CD4+ T cells with no previous antigen exposure. The CD62Lhigh CD44low naïve phenotype cells circulate throughout the secondary lymphoid organs where they become activated by foreign antigens presented on MHC class II molecules. Activation is marked by phenotypic changes (down- and up-regulation of CD62L and CD44, respectively), proliferation, and acquisition of effector functions. Current protocols for the isolation of naïve CD4+ T cells are time-consuming and require the use of columns. We have developed a one-step, column-free, immunomagnetic cell separation (EasySep™) method for the isolation of naïve CD4+ T cells from single-cell suspensions of splenocytes. Non-CD4+ T cells, T regulatory cells, and memory CD4+ T cells are targeted for depletion using biotinylated antibodies cross-linked to streptavidin-coated magnetic particles. The labeled cells are separated using an EasySep™ magnet and the desired naïve CD4+ T cell fraction is poured off. The entire protocol is performed in 15 minutes and can be fully automated using RoboSep™. The average purities and recoveries of CD4+CD62Lhigh CD44low cells are 93.1 ± 2.1% and 28.8 ± 7.6%, respectively (n=22). This new method will be invaluable to researchers studying T cell differentiation, signaling pathways, and immune response to infectious disease.

Methods

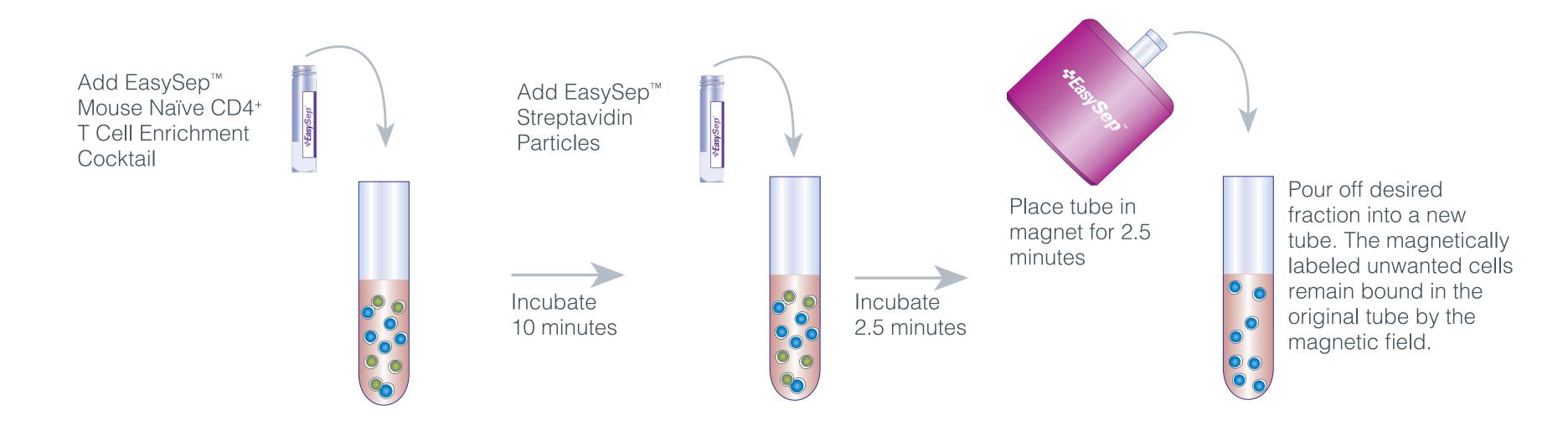
Preparation of Starting Cell Suspension

To prepare a single-cell suspension, spleens were disrupted in phosphate buffered saline (PBS) + 2% fetal bovine serum (FBS). The cells were centrifuged at $300 \times g$ for 10 minutes and resuspended at 1×10^8 cells per ml in PBS + 2% FBS with 5% normal rat serum.

EasySep[™] Labeling of Mouse Cells

Unwanted cells, including CD4⁻ cells, T regulatory cells, and CD44^{high} CD4⁺ T cells are specifically labeled with biotinylated antibodies cross-linked to steptavidin coated magnetic particles. The magnetically labeled cells are then separated from unlabeled cells using an EasySep[™] magnet (**Figure 1**), and the desired naïve CD4⁺ T cell fraction is poured off.

FIGURE 1: EasySep™ procedure for column-free enrichment of naïve CD4+ T cells from mouse splenocytes



This procedure can be fully automated using RoboSep™.

Purity Assessment

EasySep[™]-isolated naïve CD4+ T cells were assessed by flow cytometry after staining with CD44 FITC, CD62L PE, CD4 APC, and 7-AAD. Naïve CD4+ T cells are CD4+CD62L^{high}CD44^{low} (**Figure 2**).

Results.

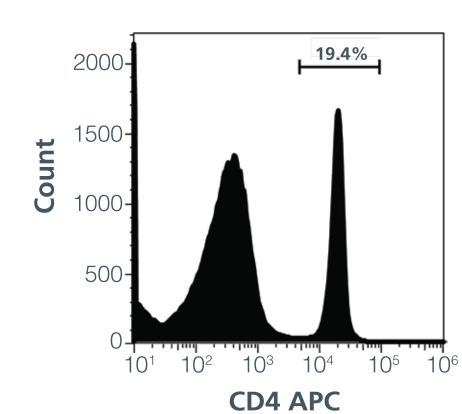
TABLE 1: Purity and recovery of naïve CD4⁺ T cells enriched from mouse splenocytes by EasySep[™] or RoboSep[™]

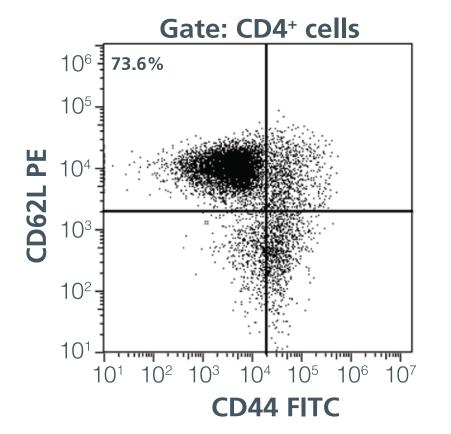
Method	n	% Purity	% Recovery
EasySep™	16	93.8 ± 1.6	29.6 ± 7.8
RoboSep™	6	91.2 ± 2.4	26.8 ± 7.5

Purities were determined by flow cytometry. All samples gated on viable (7-AAD-) cells. Naïve CD4+ T cells are defined as CD4+CD62LhighCD44low. Values are expressed as means ± 1 SD.

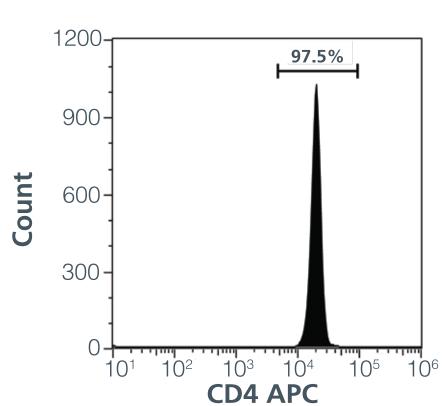
FIGURE 2: Flow cytometric assessment of naïve CD4⁺ T cells before and after enrichment using EasySep[™]

Start: 14.3% CD4+CD62LhighCD44low viable cells





Enriched: 94.7% CD4+CD62LhighCD44low viable cells



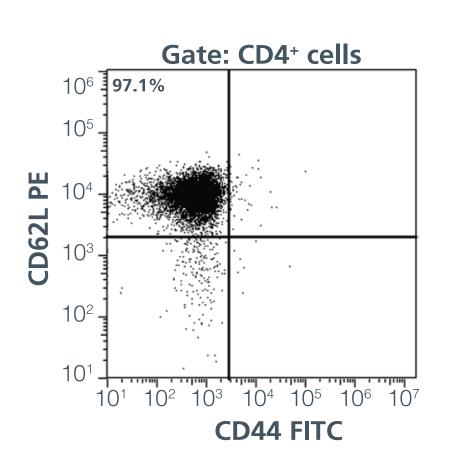


TABLE 2: Comparison of naïve CD4⁺ T cell isolation protocols using EasySep™/RoboSep™ or the column-based competitor kit

	EasySep™	RoboSep™	Competitor
Total time	15 min	22 min	1 hr 50 min
Columns	0	0	2
Centrifugations	0	0	4
Isolation method	untouched	untouched	positive selection

Conclusions

- Isolate naïve CD4⁺ T cells from mouse splenocytes in 15 minutes.
- Naïve CD4⁺ T cell isolation can be fully automated with RoboSep[™].
- Average purities and recoveries for naïve CD4 $^{\scriptscriptstyle +}$ T cell enrichments are 93.1% \pm 2.1% and 28.8% \pm 7.6%, respectively.